

Equity Metals Corporation

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

For the Years Ended

August 31, 2025 and 2024

EQUITY METALS CORPORATION
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the year ended August 31, 2025

Introduction

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") of the operations, results, and financial position of Equity Metals Corporation (the "Company" or "Equity Metals") should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 and the notes thereto.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards (as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board) applicable to the preparation of annual financial statements ("IFRS"). Unless expressly stated otherwise, all financial information is presented in Canadian dollars. This MD&A is dated December 16, 2025.

Business Description

Equity Metals has continued its efforts to date with a sole business objective to identify, evaluate and explore mineral properties having high potential for the discovery of economic mineral deposits. The Company is a publicly traded company without any substantive operations, and thus, has realized no significant mining revenues to date. Equity Metals has a year end of August 31st and was incorporated on April 7, 1964 under the Company Act of British Columbia.

The Company is principally engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of metal, silica, and diamond properties in British Columbia, Saskatchewan, and Northwest Territories, and accordingly has no revenue from any of its properties to date. The Company's common shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange under the trading symbol "EQTY" and on the OTCQB Venture Marketplace in the U.S. under the trading symbol "EQMEF". The Company is extra-provincially registered in the Province of Saskatchewan and extra-territorially registered in the Northwest Territories.

Forward-Looking Information

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements and information relating to the Company that are based on the beliefs of its management as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to the Company as of the reporting period under this disclosure. When used in this document, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "significant" and similar expressions, as they relate to the Company or its management are intended to identify forward-looking statements. This MD&A contains forward-looking statements relating to, among other things, regulatory compliance, the sufficiency of current working capital, the estimated costs and availability of funding for the continued exploration and development of the Company's exploration properties. Such statements reflect the current views of the Company with respect to future events and are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Many factors could cause the actual results, performance or achievement of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements.

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Mineral Project Activity

Silver Queen Property – Central British Columbia (100%) (For Metal Equivalents, the MDA has adopted methods for determining grade equivalents as ratios that take reasonable assumptions for recovery into account)

The Company owns a 100% interest in 17 crown-granted titles, comprised of two surface and undersurface titles (40.47 ha) and 15 undersurface only titles, and 46 tenure claims covering 18,871 hectares in the Omineca Mining Division, near Owen Lake, British Columbia. The Silver Queen property is a past-producing Au/Ag/Zn epithermal vein system that currently has a significant high-grade resource on four of the more extensively drilled veins. Importantly, much of the well-drilled shallow mineralization is open to depth and along strike. The Company received approval in December 2024 from the Ministry of Mines for its multi-year Notice of Work (“NOW”) for the property. The five-year plan includes drilling from up to 100 surface sites and the construction of up to 15 kilometres of additional exploration trails. The focus of the upcoming work program remains the resource expansion of the vein deposits.

The Silver Queen property is within the Wet’suwet’en land claim, and they are included in the Notice of Work and permitting consultation process. The Company uses First Nations’ employees and contractors in all activities where appropriate and First Nation involvement is encouraged.

On January 16, 2023, the Company filed on SEDAR a National Instruments 43-101 (“NI 43-101”) compliant Technical Report entitled “Technical Report and Updated Mineral Resource Estimate of the Silver Queen Property, Omineca Mining District, British Columbia, Canada”, which was prepared by P&E Mining Consultants Inc, Kirkham Geosystems Ltd. and Metallurgical Process Consultants.

Table 1: Base Case Mineral Resource Estimate for the Silver Queen Project Utilizing a C\$100/t NSR cut-off value

Indicated Resources		Contained Metal						
Zone	Tonnes (kt)	Ag TrOz (kozs)	Au TrOz (kozs)	Cu (Mlbs)	Pb (Mlbs)	Zn (Mlbs)	AgEq TrOz (kozs)	AuEq TrOz (kozs)
No. 3 and NG3 Veins	2,942	14,168	232	16	43	249	53,852	657
Camp Vein	514	6,808	5	2	5	17	8,940	108
Total	3,455	20,976	237	18	48	267	62,792	765

Inferred Resources		Contained Metal						
Zone	Tonnes (kt)	Ag TrOz (kozs)	Au TrOz (kozs)	Cu (Mlbs)	Pb (Mlbs)	Zn (Mlbs)	AgEq TrOz (kozs)	AuEq TrOz (kozs)
No. 3 and NG3 Veins	257	911	16	2	1	6	2,975	36
Camp Vein	1,664	9,387	34	8	22	78	19,562	237
Total	1,920	10,298	50	10	23	84	22,536	273

- 1) The current Mineral Resource Estimate was prepared by Garth Kirkham, P.Geo., of Kirkham Geosystems Ltd and Eugene Puritch, P. Eng., FEC, CET and Fred Brown, P. Geo. of P&E Mining Consultants Inc. (“P&E”), Independent Qualified Persons (“QP”), as defined by National instrument 43-101.
- 2) All Mineral Resources have been estimated in accordance with Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and Petroleum (“CIM”) definitions, as required under National Instrument 43-101 (“NI43-101”).
- 3) Mineral Resources were constrained using continuous mining units demonstrating reasonable prospects of eventual economic extraction.
- 4) Silver and Gold Equivalents were calculated from the interpolated block values using relative process recoveries and prices between the component metals and silver to determine final AgEq and AuEq values.

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- 5) *Silver and Gold Equivalents and NSR\$/t values were calculated using average long-term prices of \$20/oz silver, \$1,700/oz gold, \$3.50/lb copper, \$0.95/lb lead and \$1.45/lb zinc. All metal prices are stated in \$USD. The C\$100/tonne NSR cut-off grade value for the underground Mineral Resource was derived from mining costs of C\$70/t, with process costs of C\$20/t and G&A of C\$10/t. Process recoveries used were Au 70%, Ag 80%, Cu 80%, Pb 81% and Zn 90%.*
- 6) *Grade capping was performed on 1m composites for the No. 3 and NG-3 veins and whole vein composites for the Camp and Sveinson veins. For the No. 3 and NG-3 veins Inverse distance cubed (1/d³) was utilized for grade interpolation for Au and Ag and inverse distance squared (1/d²) was utilized for Cu, Pb and Zn. Inverse distance squared (1/d²) was used for all metals in the Camp and Sveinson veins.*
- 7) *A bulk density of 3.56t/m³ was used for all tonnage calculations in the No. 3 and NG-3 veins. A variable density with a 3.15 average was used for the Camp and Sveinson veins.*
- 8) *Mineral Resources are not Mineral Reserves until they have demonstrated economic viability. Mineral Resource Estimates do not account for a Mineral Resource's mineability, selectivity, mining loss, or dilution.*
- 9) *An Inferred Mineral Resource has a lower level of confidence than that applying to an Indicated Mineral Resource and must not be converted to a Mineral Reserve. It is reasonably expected that the majority of Inferred Mineral Resources could be upgraded to Indicated Mineral Resources with continued exploration.*
- 10) *All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimate and therefore numbers may not appear to add precisely.*

The updated Independent Mineral Resource Estimate ("MRE") for the Silver Queen Project features lateral and down-dip extensions of the previously modelled No. 3 and NG-3 Veins, originally included in the 2019 MRE, and new, previously unmodelled mineralization from the Camp and Sveinson Targets. The MRE:

- Increase in the Indicated Category:
 - 187% increase to 62.8Mozs AgEq, and
- Increase in the Inferred Category:
 - 30% increase to 22.5Mozs AgEq

(Silver equivalency was calculated using relative process recoveries and prices between the component metals and silver as identified in Table 1).

In addition to the size and quality of the current Mineral Resource Estimate, and the now-enhanced exploration potential, the property has several other important attractive features, including: a) the property is wholly owned by the Company with no underlying option payments and no royalty burdens; b) logistics are excellent with good road access from the town of Houston, B.C., a small camp on site, moderate topography, and location in the snow shadow of the Coast Range; c) abundant mining activity occurs in the region; and d) power and water are available.

Exploration Highlights

On June 26, 2025, the company reported that core drilling on its flagship Silver Queen property had commenced for the 2025 exploration season. Twenty-one core holes totalling 8,143 metres were drilled on the No. 3 North target. Assays been returned from 19 holes. Assays from two holes, which tested the furthest lateral projections of the No. 2 and No. 3 vein sets, are pending.

Highlights from the 2025 drill program on the No 3 Vein include:

- A 3.5 metre (Est. TT) interval grading 2.3g/t Au, 167g/t Ag, 1.3% Cu, 0.3% Pb and 2.0% Zn (536g/t AgEq or 7.4g/t AuEq) from SQ25-148;
- A 2.5 metre (Est. TT) interval averaging 1.2g/t Au, 79g/t Ag, 0.3% Cu, 2.5% Pb and 7.0% Zn (478g/t AgEq or 6.6g/t AuEq) from SQ25-157;

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- A 1.3 metre (Est. TT) interval averaging 1.3g/t Au, 229g/t Ag, 1.6% Cu, 1.0% Pb and 8.9% Zn (800g/t AgEq or 11.0g/t AuEq) from SQ25-159;
- A 2.4 metre (Est. TT) interval grading 0.6g/t Au, 12g/t Ag, and 7.4% Zn (305g/t AgEq or 4.2g/t AuEq) from SQ24-151;
- A 1.3 metre (Est. TT) interval averaging 4.7g/t Au, 471g/t Ag, 2.5% Cu, 0.3% Pb and 1.5% Zn (1,128g/t AgEq or 15.6g/t AuEq), from SQ25-160; and
- A 1.7 metre (Est. TT) interval averaging 0.2g/t Au, 519g/t Ag, 0.1% Cu, 2.8% Pb and 9.5% Zn (910g/t AgEq or 12.6g/t AuEq) from SQ25-164.

The 2025 drill program successfully extended mineralization in the No. 3 and No. 2 vein sets for up to 650 metres laterally and to depths of 450 metres below surface. The No. 3 Vein hosts the single largest resource currently identified on the Silver Queen property and together with its southern extension, the NG-3 Vein, account for 65% of the currently modelled mineral resources on a AgEq basis. The mineralization identified continues to expand and develop continuity within the vein sets and is accretive to previously modelled mineral resources on the Silver Queen Project. Of note, mineralization related to the No. 3 Vein is adjacent to historical mine workings, providing potential access advantages in any future development scenarios.

Work in 2025-26 will continue to incorporate the new drill data into a revised exploration and resource model, in anticipation of a Mineral Resource update to be prepared in Q1 '26, and to continue exploration on the ever-expanding Silver Queen vein system in 2026.

A short program consisting of reconnaissance soil and stream sediment samples was conducted during the year. The program was designed to investigate several district-scale targets outboard from the No. 3 Vein system in preparation of potential drill testing in 2026.

Arlington Property

On November 5, 2024, the Company entered into an option agreement (the “Agreement”) with Origen Resources Inc. (“Origen”) to acquire a 100% interest in the Arlington Property located within the Arrow Boundary District of south-central British Columbia. During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company staked 3 additional claims totaling approximately 1,830 ha and capitalized \$3,190 to exploration and evaluation assets in connection with staking costs. The property is comprised of 12 claims totaling approximately 5,387 ha. In order to acquire the undivided 100% interest, the Company is required to:

- (a) Pay to Origen:
 - \$50,000 upon execution of this Agreement (paid);
 - \$30,000 upon execution of this Agreement (as reimbursement of costs associated with the bond posted in regards to the current drill permit) (paid); and
 - \$50,000 on or before December 6, 2025 (paid).
- (b) Issue and deliver to Origen common shares (the “Shares”) of the Company:
 - \$200,000 worth of Shares (issued); and
 - \$200,000 worth of Shares, or 2 million shares, whichever is the greater, on or before December 6, 2025 (issued);

with the number of such Shares to be calculated on the basis of the volume-weighted average price of the Shares on the Exchange for the most recent 20 trading days prior to the date of issuance, subject to a minimum

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deemed issue price set at the Discounted Market Price (as defined in the policies of the Exchange) of the Shares at the time of announcement of this Letter Agreement by way of news release; and

(c) Incur aggregate exploration expenditures on the Claims of not less than \$250,000 on or before December 6, 2025 (incurred).

The property is subject to a net smelter return royalty (the “NSR Royalty”) in the amount of 2% of net smelter returns. The Company has an option to purchase 1% of the NSR Royalty at any time for \$1,000,000.

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company issued 944,686 common shares to Origen in connection with the agreement. For accounting purposes, the shares were valued at the closing price on the issuance date of \$0.20 per common share. As a result, the amount of \$188,937 was capitalized to the exploration and evaluation assets. Subsequent to the year-end the Company issued 2,000,000 common shares to Origen in connection with the agreement.

In January 2025, the Company completed a 1,193 line-kilometre airborne magnetic/radiometric survey over the Arlington property at 50-metre line-spacing. The survey shows good correlation between certain magnetic/radiometric signatures and several known geological features (lithological and structural) previously recognized on the property. The magnetic data will be incorporated into the larger Arlington database for further interpretation and targeting assessment.

In February 2025, the company reported on the results of 217 soil and 22 rock samples, collected on the property in Q4 2025. The sampling successfully enlarged a previously identified gold-in-soil anomaly on the Fresh Pots South target to over to 800m x 800m providing further target definition. Of significance 33 of the 217 soil samples returned values >100ppb Au and 3 returned values >1g/t Au. Similarly, 48 of the 217 samples returned >0.5g/t Ag and 8 returned >1g/t Ag. To date, 2,271 soil samples have been collected over the Fresh Pots and Rona targets with 75 samples returning >100ppb Au and eight samples >1 ppm Au (1g/t Au).

The surface work also identified gold-bearing outcrop in a two-meter hand-dug trench on a small portion of the gold-in-soil anomaly, which returned 41.8g/t Au and 7.9g/t Au in grab samples and 13.3g/t Au over two metres from a continuous chip sample. In addition, a new polymetallic vein showing was discovered to the north associated with a massive metre-scale marble lens that assayed 0.126ppm Au, 21.63ppm Ag, 1.07% Pb, and 1.26% Zn.

In June 2025, the company announced that it had initiated drilling on the Arlington property. Drilling targeted three separate clusters of strongly anomalous Au-Ag-As-in-soil anomalies in the south Fresh Pots area that have been enhanced by geophysical features identified in a recently completed DCIP geophysical survey. The Fresh Pots target itself is a broad 800 metre x 2000 metre Au in-soil anomaly that extends in a north-northeast direction through the center of the property and is on trend with the Rona showing.

Drilling was completed in early July and consisted of nine core holes totalling 3,407 metres. Drill and surface results from the 2025 program are being evaluated in preparation for a follow-up 2026 program.

La Ronge Silica Project (100%)

The Company owns a 100% interest in the La Ronge Silica Project, an historic sand quarry located in central Saskatchewan, approximately 60 kilometers south-southeast of La Ronge, Saskatchewan and 210 kilometers west of Flin Flon, Manitoba. The Mineral Lease covers an area of 54 acres. Although silica has many industrial uses, one potentially new use for high-purity silica sand is as feedstock to produce silicon for use

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in lithium cathodes batteries. Silicon is being tested by the electric-car industry to replace or augment carbon in lithium battery anodes to dramatically extend the time between charging. Other possible conventional uses exist in the ceramics and glass industries.

During November 2021 the Company engaged a geological consultant to sample material exposed in the historic quarry. On April 12, 2022, the Company announced the results of analyses and test work on the sampled material. Results are positive, indicating the ability to upgrade to high-purity silica (>98% SiO₂), a specialty product, with simple washing of sand to remove clays. The sand ranges from poorly consolidated to unconsolidated, potentially eliminating the need for blasting and crushing. The results from the La Ronge Silica property are encouraging and suggest it may become a “third leg” value to Equity, particularly if silicon becomes an important component to vastly improve lithium batteries. The expiry date of the lease is December 11, 2029.

Monument Diamond Property - Lac de Gras, Northwest Territories (57.49%)

The Company holds a 57.49% working interest and is operator of the Monument Diamond Project, in the Mackenzie District Mining Division, NWT, a property comprising 3 mining leases and 2 staked claims covering, in aggregate, approximately 3,581 ha and located about 40km from both the Diavik and Ekati diamond mines and some 300 km north of Yellowknife. The 3 mining leases, subject to making annual lease payments, have been renewed to May 9, 2044, and the 2 staked claims have work credits in good standing until May 2, 2027. The property hosts 12 different diamond-bearing kimberlites with a total of 2,437 microdiamonds recovered from past drilling; the largest discovered to date being 0.445 carats. Organic carbon has been identified in some of the kimberlite pipes on the property, indicating a near surface, eruptive level of the kimberlite pipe. In February 2021, the Company initiated a 'tow-mag' survey (magnetometer survey pulled by snowmobile) at a 50m line spacing on two claims on the Monument Diamond project. The claims are located to the north of the leases that make up the main tenures of the property and the new survey links up with existing magnetics over the main portion of the property. In addition, this work meets the Company's exploration and assessment requirements for these claims.

The property is subject to 2% gross overriding royalty, a portion of which is held by the Company. Equity Metals is the operator of the joint venture where two parties hold the remaining 42.51%. The Company has been granted a two-year extension on its Type “A” Land Use Permit from the Wek’èezhii Land and Water Board, which now expires September 1, 2026. The partners have posted the increased cash bond to cover additional reclamation costs, which were incurred in Q3 2020 for minor remediation. The diamond market has recovered from its low, and Monument is considered to be a valuable asset that does not need to be aggressively pursued at this time as the Company focuses on advancing the Silver Queen project.

WO Claim Block – operated by Arctic Blue Diamonds Ltd. (recently purchased from DeBeers Canada Inc.)

Equity Metals holds an indirect 4.47% interest in the WO Diamond property, a property comprising eight leases and approximately 5,816 ha, which immediately adjoins the Diavik Diamond Mine claims, some 300 km north of Yellowknife. The WO Diamond property is a joint venture ownership consisting of Arctic Blue Diamonds Ltd. (“Arctic”) (72.13%), Archon Minerals Limited (17.57%) and DHK Diamonds Inc. (10.30%), with Arctic being the project operator. Arctic submitted a 2025 Maintenance Budget for the WO Claim block to DHK in the amount of \$32,084. The Company has paid \$32,084 and has expensed its portion of the Maintenance Budget fees of \$13,922 as exploration and evaluation expenses and recorded an amount due from other parties to the arrangement in accounts receivable. During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company incurred \$822 (2024 - \$nil) in other exploration and evaluation costs relating to the WO Claim block.

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An encouraging 2007 bulk sample produced individual rough diamonds up to 9.45 carats and a portion of the Maintenance Budget will be directed to evaluate diamond valuation further.

Further information on the Company's projects, applicable resource updates and related news releases are available on the Company's website at <https://equitymetalscorporation.com/>.

Qualified Person

Robert Macdonald, MSc., P. Geo, is VP Exploration of Equity Metals and a Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101. He is responsible for the supervision of the exploration on the Silver Queen project and has reviewed the technical information in this MD&A.

Joe Kizis, MSc., P. Geo., is Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101. He is responsible for the supervision of the exploration on the La Ronge Silica project and has reviewed and approved the technical information in this MD&A.

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditures

Exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred for the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	Silver Queen Property		Arlington Property		La Ronge Silica Project		Monument Diamond Property		WO Claim Block		Total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assay analysis	431,248	480,671	123,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	554,325	480,671
Camp preparation	562,231	433,616	94,516	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	656,747	433,616
Depreciation	7,043	7,916	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,043	7,916
Drilling	1,735,079	1,589,355	432,931	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,168,010	1,589,355
General exploration	442,978	444,088	289,214	-	-	-	1,560	3,949	13,922	-	747,674	448,037
Geology	678,719	609,827	181,864	-	203	1,211	4,649	3,213	882	-	866,317	614,251
Geophysics	18,610	41,530	68,900	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,510	41,530
Environmental and reclamation	15,596	29,960	-	-	-	-	140,401	20,000	-	-	155,997	49,960
Property, assessment/taxes	716	1,214	-	-	208	200	10,455	15,455	-	-	11,379	16,869
			1,190,50								5,255,00	
	3,892,220	3,638,177	2	-	411	1,411	157,065	42,617	14,804	-	2	3,682,205
Generative Exploration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,608	-
Receipt of BC METC*	(38,478)	(81,033)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(38,478)	(81,033)
			1,190,50								5,218,13	
	3,853,742	3,557,144	2	-	411	1,411	157,065	42,617	14,804	-	2	3,601,172

* Government assistance arises from the receipt of refundable BC Mining Exploration Tax Credits.

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Selected Annual Information

The table below provides selected financial information derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for each of the past three years ended August 31.

August 31	2025 \$	2024 \$	2023 \$
Total revenues	nil	nil	nil
Net loss	(5,418,327)	(4,078,590)	(2,906,657)
Net loss per share (basic & diluted)	(0.03)	(0.03)	(0.02)
Total assets	3,734,781	5,498,417	3,344,943
Total liabilities	978,143	1,532,290	287,496
Dividends declared	nil	nil	nil

During the year ended August 31, 2025, total assets decreased to \$3,734,781 from \$5,498,417 compared with the same August 31, 2024 primarily as a result of advancement of the Company's exploration properties. This was offset by a private placement during 2025, raising gross proceeds of \$2,473,377, as well as raising \$1,362,296 and \$322,213 from exercise of warrants and options, respectively.

The losses in the years-ended 2025, 2024 and 2023 arise primarily from exploration and evaluation expenditures and administration expenses, including share-based compensation. Fluctuations in net loss for from the year ended August 31, 2025 to August 31, 2024 and to August 31, 2023 relate primarily to changes in exploration and evaluation activities in those years.

Results of Operations

Three months ended August 31, 2025

During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the Company reported a net loss of \$2,334,798, or \$0.01 loss per share (August 31, 2024 - \$1,739,847 or \$0.01 loss per share).

For the three months ended	Aug 31, 2025 \$	Aug 31, 2024 \$
Exploration and evaluation expenses, net of recoveries	(2,812,964)	(1,890,857)
Administration expenses (excluding share-based compensation)	(197,002)	(376,848)
Interest income and miscellaneous	19,416	31,330
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	(1,335)	(1,116)
Flow-through premium recovery	673,562	497,952
Part XII.6 tax arising on flow-through financings	(16,475)	(308)
Net loss and total comprehensive loss for the period	(2,334,798)	(1,739,847)

The net loss and total comprehensive loss for three months ended August 31, 2025, increased compared to the same period in the prior year mainly due to the increase in exploration and evaluation expenses to \$2,812,964 in 2025 from \$1,890,857 in 2024. The increase in net loss and comprehensive loss is offset by a decrease in administration expenses to \$197,002 from \$376,848 in 2024 and an increase in the flow-through premium recovery to \$673,562 in 2025 from \$497,952 in 2024.

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During the three months ended August 31, 2025, the most significant exploration and evaluation expenses were related to drilling of \$1,297,679 (2024 - \$793,671), geology of \$397,675 (2024 - \$214,310) and general exploration of \$451,152 (2024 - \$194,667).

The significant categories in administration expenses for three months August 31, 2025, includes travel, promotion and marketing of \$106,589 (2024 - \$261,798) and legal, audit and accounting costs of \$41,727 (2024 - \$38,107). The decrease in travel, promotion and marketing is due to the timing of the promotional and marketing campaigns, and focus of the investment in such campaigns, the Company participated in during 2025 and 2024. The increase in legal, accounting and audit fees is due to the timing of incurrence of expenses.

Year ended August 31, 2025

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company reported a net loss of \$5,418,327 or \$0.03 loss per share (2024 - \$4,078,590 or \$0.03 loss per share).

For the year ended	Aug 31, 2025	Aug 31, 2024
	\$	\$
Exploration and evaluation expenses, net of recoveries	(5,218,132)	(3,601,172)
Administration expenses (excluding share-based compensation)	(820,029)	(947,432)
Share-based compensation	(792,196)	(389,537)
Interest income and miscellaneous	108,994	59,857
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(2,900)	(4,346)
Flow-through premium recovery	1,383,717	847,854
Part XII.6 tax arising on flow-through financings	(77,781)	(43,814)
Net loss and total comprehensive loss for the year	(5,418,327)	(4,078,590)

The net loss and total comprehensive loss for the year ended August 31, 2025, increased compared to the same period in the prior year mainly due to the increase in the Company's exploration activity from \$3,601,172 in the year ended August 31, 2024 to \$5,128,132 in the same period of 2025, primarily from the addition of the Arlington property, and an increase in the share-based compensation from \$389,537 in 2024 to \$792,196 in 2025, partially offset by a higher flow-through premium recovery of \$1,383,717 during the year ended August 31, 2025 compared with a flow-through premium recovery of \$847,854 during the same period last year.

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the most significant exploration and evaluation expenses were related to drilling of \$2,168,010 (2024 - \$1,589,355), geology costs of \$866,317 (2024 - \$614,251), general exploration of \$747,674 (2024 - \$448,037), and camp preparation costs of \$656,747 (2024 - \$433,616).

The significant categories in administration expenses for year ended August 31, 2025, includes share-based compensation of \$792,196 (2024 - \$389,537), travel, promotion and marketing of \$347,178 (2024 - \$484,514), legal, audit and accounting costs of \$239,795 (2024 - \$218,155); and office rent and building expenses of \$60,000 (2024 - \$60,000). The increase in share-based compensation is due to the higher number and higher grant date fair value of the options granted during the year ended August 31, 2025 compared to the same period of 2024. The decrease in travel, marketing and promotion costs incurred during the year ended August 31, 2025 is due to timing of the marketing campaigns and conferences, and focus of the investment in such campaigns. The increase in legal, audit and accounting costs during the period is due to

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the timing of expenses and additional legal costs incurred with the Company's exploration properties. Office rent and building expenses remained consistent with the prior period.

Quarterly Information

The following table sets forth selected financial information from the Company's unaudited quarterly financial statements for the last eight quarters ending with the most recently completed quarter, being the three months ended August 31, 2025. No cash dividends were declared in any of the reported periods.

Three months ended	Aug 31, 2025	May 31, 2025	Feb 28, 2025	Nov 30, 2024
Total revenues	nil	nil	nil	nil
Net loss	(2,334,798)	(1,308,337)	(408,526)	(1,366,666)
Net loss per share	(0.01)	(0.01)	-	(0.01)

* *The aggregate of quarterly per share amounts may not equal the annual per share amount due to rounding in the calculations.*

Three months ended	Aug 31, 2024	May 31, 2024	Feb 29, 2024	Nov 30, 2023
Total revenues	nil	nil	nil	nil
Net loss	(1,739,847)	(732,514)	(681,372)	(924,857)
Net loss per share	(0.01)	-	-	(0.01)

* *The aggregate of quarterly per share amounts may not equal the annual per share amount due to rounding in the calculations.*

The changes in quarterly net loss from fiscal 2023 to fiscal 2025 are primarily driven by the changes in and the timing of the Company's exploration activities, share-based compensation and recognition of flow-through premium recoveries.

Financing

Year ended August 31, 2025

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company closed a non-brokered flow-through private placement by issuing 9,160,657 premium / charity flow-through units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.27 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$2,473,377. Each Unit consists of one flow-through common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one non-flow-through common share for a period of three years, until December 17, 2027, at an exercise price of \$0.27. The Company incurred finders' fees of \$43,211, other cash issuance costs of \$24,720 and issued an aggregate 240,060 non-transferable finders' warrants in connection with the private placement. Each finder's warrant is exercisable to purchase one common share for a period of 3 years at a price of \$0.27. The fair value of the finders' warrants of \$26,204 was calculated using the Black-Scholes Model and the following assumptions: share price - \$0.17; expected life – 3 years; volatility – 119.76%; discount rate – 3.02%; dividend rate – \$nil.

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company issued 1,836,000 common shares (2024 – 414,000 common shares) upon exercise of stock options with a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.09 for gross proceeds of \$173,360 (2024 - \$47,890). The Company reclassified fair value of \$148,853 from Reserves to

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Share Capital associated with the 1,836,000 stock options exercised during the year (2024 - \$41,755). During the year ended August 31, 2025, the weighted average share price at the date of option exercises was \$0.23 (August 31, 2024 - \$0.20).

During the year ended August 31, 2025, the Company issued 9,829,000 common shares (2024 - 4,367,000 common shares) upon exercise of warrants for gross proceeds of \$1,290,145 (2024 - \$594,405), which also included 100,000 common shares with proceeds of \$15,000 collected from the exercise of 100,000 warrants at the exercise price of \$0.15 per common share, for which proceeds were received at August 31, 2024. The Company reclassified fair value of \$57,151 (2024 - \$11,063) from Reserves to Share Capital in connection with the warrant exercise.

Subsequent to August 31, 2025

Subsequent to August 31, 2025, the Company issued (i) 10,345,530 common shares on exercise of warrants at \$0.15 per share for gross proceeds of \$1,551,830; (ii) 150,000 common shares on exercise of options at \$0.17 per share for gross proceeds of \$25,500 and (iii) 400,000 common shares on exercise of options at \$0.26 per share for gross proceeds of \$104,000.

Year ended August 31, 2024

On June 19, 2024, the Company closed a non-brokered flow-through private placement by issuing 13,760,000 premium / charity flow-through units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.295 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$4,059,200. Each Unit consists of one flow-through common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant, with each whole warrant entitling the holder thereof to purchase one non-flow-through common share for a period of three years, until June 20, 2027, at an exercise price of \$0.295. The Company incurred cash issuance costs of \$101,824 and issued an aggregate 414,600 non-transferable finder warrants in connection with the Offering. Each finder warrant is exercisable to purchase one common share for a period of 3 years at a price of \$0.20. The fair value of the finders' warrants of \$64,397 was calculated using the Black-Scholes Model and the following assumptions: share price - \$0.21; expected life – 3 years; volatility – 124.43%; discount rate – 3.44%; dividend rate – \$nil.

On December 20, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered flow-through private placement by issuing 8,500,000 premium flow-through units (the "Units") at a price of \$0.19 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$1,615,000. Each Unit consists of one flow-through common share and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one non-flow through common share for a period of 5 years, until December 20, 2028, at an exercise price of \$0.18. The Company incurred cash issuance costs of \$37,338 in connection with the private placement.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2025, have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern. This assumes that Equity Metals will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. Equity Metals has incurred operating losses over several fiscal years, has limited financial resources, no source of operating cash flow and no assurances that sufficient funding, including adequate financing, will be available to further explore its mineral property projects and to cover the overhead costs necessary to maintain a public company in good standing.

At August 31, 2025, Equity Metals had cash on hand of \$2,801,135 and a current working capital of \$2,232,118 compared to cash on hand of \$5,000,044 and a working capital of \$3,745,492 at August 31, 2024.

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The net increase in cash for the year is primarily from net cash received from financing activities of \$3,868,951, arising primarily from cash received from the private placement which closed in December 2024, warrant and option exercises during the year ended August 31, 2025, offset by cash used in operations of \$6,038,903 and cash used in investing activities of \$26,057.

Working Capital

As at	Aug 31, 2025	Aug 31, 2024
	\$	\$
Current Assets	3,210,261	5,277,782
Current Liabilities	978,143	1,532,290
Current Working Capital	2,232,118	3,745,492

Critical Accounting Estimates

Carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets does not necessarily represent present or future values, and the Company's exploration and evaluation assets have been accounted for under the assumption that the carrying amount will be recoverable. Recoverability is dependent on various factors, including the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production, or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral properties themselves.

Additionally, there are numerous geological, economic, environmental and regulatory factors and uncertainties that could impact management's assessment as to the overall viability of its properties or to the ability to generate future cash flows necessary to cover or exceed the carrying value of the Company's mineral properties.

To the extent that any of management's assumptions change, there could be a significant impact on the Company's future financial position, operating results and cash flows.

Fair value of stock options and warrants

Charges for share-based compensation are based on the fair value at the date of the award. Stock options are valued using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model, and inputs to the model include assumptions on expected volatility, discount rates and expected term, dividend yield, and expected forfeitures. Any changes in the estimates or inputs utilized to determine fair value could result in a significant impact on the Company's future operating results or on other components of equity. Expected volatility is a measure for variation of a price of a financial instrument over time. Expected volatility is derived from a time series of past market prices therefore may not be an accurate representation of future volatility.

Income taxes

The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful discovery, extraction, development and commercialization of mineral reserves. To the extent that management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets, and future income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

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Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Additional Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

Additional disclosure concerning Equity Metal's general and administrative expenses and resource property costs is provided in the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the years-ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 available on its SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Transactions with Related Parties

Related party transactions are negotiated in the best interest of the Company.

Key management includes the President, the Chief Financial Officer, the VP Exploration, the VP Corporate Development and the directors.

The compensation paid or payable to key management for services during the years ended August 31, 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

	August 31, 2025	August 31, 2024
	\$	\$
Management and professional fees to related parties	85,445	84,504
General exploration fees to related parties	109,937	72,515
Share-based payments to related parties	584,530	261,471
	779,912	418,490

During the year ended August 31, 2025, \$64,054 (2024 - \$62,178) in non-CFO accounting support services was charged by Malaspina Consultants Inc., a company controlled by Killian Ruby, the CFO and a director of the Company. Further, during the years ended August 31, 2025, the following amounts were charged to the Company by Manex Resource Group Inc., a company indirectly controlled by Killian Ruby, the CFO and a director of the Company: (i) \$93,292 (2024 - \$81,269), being costs for general exploration services; (ii) \$60,000 (2024 - \$60,000), being costs for office rent services; (iii) \$8,781 (2024 - \$9,001), being costs for general office and administration support services; (iv) \$35,181 (2024 - \$33,722), being costs for legal and corporate secretarial support services; and (v) \$143,464 (2024 - \$308,009), being costs for corporate development and promotion services.

Included in current liabilities at August 31, 2025 is \$42,307 (2024 - \$33,381) due to related parties. These amounts are unsecured and due under normal business terms.

At August 31, 2025, \$6,967 (2024 - \$7,021) was included in receivables and prepaids for expense advances paid to the President and a Director of the Company.

Adoption of New Accounting Standards During the Period

No new accounting standards were adopted during the period.

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Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are cash, receivables, reclamation deposits, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and amounts due to related parties. The fair values of these financial instruments are estimated to be their carrying values due to their short-term nature. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from the financial instruments. The fair value of these financial instruments approximates their carrying value due to their short-term maturity, receipt of market interest rates on interest bearing assets or capacity of prompt liquidation.

Outstanding Share Data

The Company has authorized share capital consisting of common shares without par value. The number of shares authorized is unlimited. The Company has issued warrants for the purchase of common shares and also a stock option plan. The table below summarizes the Company's common shares, stock options and warrants that are convertible into common shares as of December 16, 2025:

	Number
Issued and outstanding common shares	209,712,331
Share options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.18	18,125,000
Share purchase warrants with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.21	31,456,798
 Fully Diluted	 259,294,129

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

In connection with National Instrument 52-109 (Certificate of Disclosure in Issuer's Annual and Interim Filings) ("NI 52-109"), the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer of the Company have filed a Venture Issuer Basic Certificate with respect to the financial information contained in the financial statements for the year ended August 31, 2025 and this accompanying MD&A (together, the "Filings").

In contrast to the full certificate under NI 52-109, the Venture Issuer Basic Certificate does not include representations relating to the establishment and maintenance of disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, as defined in NI 52-109.

For further information, and other information relating to the Company, the reader should refer to the Venture Issuer Basic Certificates filed by the Company with its filings on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Environmental, Social and Governance Disclosures

The Company's is committed to increased stakeholder disclosure and dialogue over sustainability matters. The core values are:

- Excellence – evidence backed exploration producing high value and socially and environmentally sustainable outcomes
- Health and Safety – a healthy and safe environment for the Company's people, neighbours, and surrounding communities
- Accountability – to shareholders and surrounding communities
- Environment – healthy ecosystems and a sustainable environmental now and for future generations by applying best mining practices

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- Governance - Having an established governance structure allows the Company to meet the commitments set in place through policies and management plans.

Equity Metals is committed to responsible exploration and protection of the environment surrounding its operations. The Company is committed to the application of policies and management plans that will guide sustainable mining exploration. Our environmental initiatives are designed to ensure best practices in land and water use which are monitored and managed to meet or exceed regulatory requirements.

Equity Metals strives to support the surrounding communities throughout the exploration process. The Company is committed to working with rights holders, local communities, and stakeholders to listen and learn about their concerns and to finding mutually acceptable outcomes. Engaging with, supporting, and giving back to our people and the surrounding local communities is a fundamental value of Equity Metals.

Risks

The Company is engaged in the exploration, development and exploitation of mineral resources for base metals, precious metals, industrial minerals and diamonds. The properties of the Company are without a known body of commercial ore. The exploration programs undertaken and proposed constitute an exploratory search and there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in its search. The business of exploring for minerals and mining involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Major expenses may be required to establish ore reserves, to develop metallurgical processes, and to construct mining and processing facilities at a particular site. It is impossible to ensure that the current exploration programs planned by the Company will result in a profitable commercial mining operation. The amounts shown as property acquisition costs represent acquisition and holding cost, less amounts written off, and do not necessarily represent present or future values.

Acquisition of rights to the mineral properties is a very detailed and time-consuming process. Title to, and the area of, mineral properties may be disputed. Although the Company has investigated the title to all of the properties for which it holds concessions or in respect of which it has a right to earn an interest, the Company cannot give any assurance that title to such properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company's properties may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects or governmental actions. The Company can never be certain that it or its option partners will have valid title to its mineral properties. Mineral properties sometimes contain claims or transfer histories that examiners cannot verify, and transfers under foreign law are often complex.

The Company does not carry title insurance on its properties. A successful claim that the Company or its option partner does not have title to a property could cause the Company to lose its rights to that property, perhaps without compensation for its prior expenditures relating to the property. The occurrence of any such event could have a material adverse effect on the Company and its prospects.

The Company requires licenses and permits from various governmental authorities to carry out exploration and development of its projects. Obtaining permits can be a complex, time consuming process. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain the necessary licences and permits on acceptable terms, in a timely manner or at all. The costs and delays associated with obtaining permits and complying with these permits and applicable laws and regulations could stop or materially delay or restrict the Company from continuing or proceeding with existing or future operations or projects. Any failure to comply with permits and applicable laws and regulations, even if inadvertent, could result in the interruption or closure of operations or material fines, penalties or other liabilities. In addition, the requirements applicable to sustain existing permits and licenses may change or become more stringent over time and there is no assurance that the Company will have the resources or expertise to meet its obligations under such licenses and permits.

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The Company has experienced losses in operations in prior years and has an accumulated deficit position. The Company expects to incur losses for the foreseeable future. The continuation of the Company's operations is subject to its ability to continue to be able to raise funding to support its operations. While the Company has been successful to date in raising funding there is no guarantee that it will continue to do so in the future.

The profitability of the Company's operations, if ever established, will be dependent upon the market price of mineral commodities. Mineral prices fluctuate widely and are affected by numerous factors beyond the control of the Company. The level of interest rates, the rate of inflation, world supply of mineral commodities, consumption patterns, sales of copper, gold and silver by central banks, forward sales by producers, production, industrial and jewellery demand, speculative activities and stability of exchange rates can all cause significant fluctuations in prices. Such external economic factors are in turn influenced by changes in international investment patterns, monetary systems and political developments. The prices of mineral commodities have fluctuated widely in recent years. Current and future price declines could cause commercial production to be impracticable. The Company's revenues and earnings also could be affected by the prices of other commodities such as fuel and other consumable items, although to a lesser extent than by the price of copper, gold, silver or molybdenum. The prices of these commodities are affected by numerous factors beyond the Company's control.

The Company is dependent upon share issuances to provide the funding necessary to meet its general operating expenses and will require additional financing to continue to explore its mineral properties. Issuances of additional securities will result in dilution of the equity interests of the Company's shareholders. The Company may issue additional common shares in the future as further capital is required and on the exercise of outstanding options or other convertible securities issued from time to time. Sales or issuances of substantial amounts of additional securities, or the availability of such securities for sale, could adversely affect the market prices for the Company's securities. A decline in the market prices of securities of the Company could impair the Company's ability to raise additional capital through the sale of new common shares should it desire to do so. In addition, if additional common shares or securities convertible into common shares are sold or issued, such sales or issuances may substantially dilute the equity interests of the Company's holders of common shares.

Certain directors and officers of the Company are or may become associated with other natural resource companies which may give rise to conflicts of interest. In accordance with the Business Corporations Act (British Columbia), a director or senior officer who has a material interest in a contract or transaction or a proposed contract or transaction that is material to the Company, or a director or senior officer who is a director or senior officer of, or has a material interest in, a person who has a material interest in the contract or transaction, is required, subject to certain exceptions, to disclose that interest and generally abstain from voting on any resolution to approve the contract or transaction. In addition, the directors and the officers are required to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company. However, circumstances (including with respect to future corporate opportunities) may arise which are resolved in a manner that is unfavourable to the Company. Further, the non-management directors of the Company have either other full-time employment or other business or time restrictions placed on them and accordingly, the Company will not be the only business enterprise of these persons and these persons will not devote all of their time to the business and affairs of the Company.

The Company is also subject to regulatory risks include the possible delays in getting regulatory approval to the transactions that the Board of Directors believe to be in the best interest of the Company, and include increased fees for filings, the introduction of ever more complex reporting requirements the cost of which the Company must meet in order to maintain its exchange listing.

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Companies in all industries, including the mining industry, are subject to legal claims from time to time, some of which have merit and others of which do not. Defence and settlement costs of legal claims can be substantial, even with respect to claims that have no merit. Due to the inherent uncertainty of the litigation process, the resolution of any particular legal proceeding to which the Company may become subject could have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or the Company's property development.

Companies in all industries, including the mining industry, are susceptible to cyber risk. The Company's primary operational exposure to cyber risk is with respect to proprietary geological, geochemical and exploration data and related models. The Company, similar to companies in all industries, is exposed to common place cyber risks such as, but not necessarily limited to, phishing, spam, fraudulent attacks, denial of service attacks, data loss, data theft, data corruption. The Company outsources its IT management to IT professionals who implement, among other controls and mitigation strategies, system access and authentication controls, transactional authentication, system activity logging, audit trails, "exception" handling, on-prem and off-prem backup and storage of the Company's data.

Other

The economic uncertainties around persistent inflation pressure, geopolitical and other global factors have the potential to slow growth in the global economy. Future developments in these challenging areas could impact on the Company's results and financial condition and the full extent of that impact remains unknown.